1 2 3 4 5 6 KING COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF EXECUTIVE SERVICES 7 **INQUEST PROGRAM** 8 No. 517IQ8013 9 SEATTLE POLICE DEPARTMENT'S 10 IN RE INQUEST INTO THE DEATH OF MOTION TO STAY AND CONTINUE **DAMARIUS DEMONTA BUTTS INQUEST** 11 12 13 14 The Seattle Police Department ("SPD") respectfully requests a stay and continuance of this 15 Inquest. In Support thereof, SPD states the following: 16 17 **INTRODUCTION** 18 Less than two days before the first inquest under the revised Executive Order, the office of the King County Executive, without any notice to or consultation with any of the involved parties, 19 dropped a new Executive Order fundamentally changing the procedural posture of the inquest 20 process – and the due process rights of the involved officers. The lack of transparency smacks of 21 22 a last-minute effort by the Executive to obstruct months of thoughtful hard work by the involved

SEATTLE POLICE DEPARTMENT'S MOTION TO STAY AND CONTINUE INQUEST - 1

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parties and the Administrator to have a fair and process-driven inquest. Depriving the involved

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officers of representation and the ability to protect their rights – when the entirety of the inquest centers around their actions - is a flagrant violation of due process principles and the principles of justice and equity. The decision places the Department in a position of confusion about its role in the inquest process, its employment responsibilities, and its commitment to transparency and effective due process. SPD regrettably requests a short stay and continuance of these inquest proceedings Under the Executive Order (present and past), the "[A]dministrators shall strive to promote an atmosphere consistent with administrative fact-finding and shall strive to minimize delay, cost, and burden to participants, while promoting fair and open proceedings." (E.O. 3.1). A stay and continuance is necessary to ensure that the principle of fairness is met. Under the Order, "[e]xtensions shall be limited and granted only upon a showing of good cause." (E.O. 5.1). There is no better cause than to evaluate and assess the mandated deprivation of the rights of the Individual Officers from participating in an inquest that they are the subject of.

RELIEF REQUESTED

The Seattle Police Department and Involved Officers respectfully requests the Administrator stay this Inquest.

ARGUMENT

In the middle of a pre-inquest interview, the parties received a PDF of the "new" Executive Order effective immediately. The Order did not identify any changes on its face. The parties immediately began to review the Order and terminated the interview. One aspect of the Order is clear: The relevant change states, "The law enforcement member(s) involved in the death, who shall be allowed to have an attorney(s) present, provided that the law enforcement member(s) elect(s) to offer testimony subject to examination by the other participating parties." (EO ¶ 2.2.) (emphasis added). The EO deprives the involved officers, whose actions are the subject of the

inquest, from having legal counsel unless they consent to testify and be subject to cross-examination. In effect, this deprives the officers of due process rights, by requiring them to waive their rights or be deprived of attorney representation at a proceeding addressing their actions.

Throughout these proceedings, SPD and the involved officers have had different legal counsel with differing ethical obligations. Counsel for SPD has taken a position that it advocates for the Department. The Officers' counsel obviously advocates for the Involved Officers. The Department has its own independent obligations and responsibilities under the consent decree and policy to independently evaluate the officers' alleged actions. At times, the Officers and SPD presented differing positions throughout these inquest proceedings. Nonetheless, the change in the inquest process now would force SPD to take the role of officer advocate. Alternatively, the Department would be required to participate in an imbalanced proceeding where the Family is represented by capable advocates, the Department takes the position of a neutral, and the involved officers have no representation should they decline to waive their due process rights.

While the Administrator has discretion, the sudden and unexpected change in the Executive Order requires a brief stay and continuance for the parties to evaluate the Executive Order, to assess their rights, and consider their options. The Officers must have time to assess their participation, SPD must take time to assess its obligations to the Department, its employees, and its independent employment obligations. Requests for a stay typically balance the interests of the parties involved. In this case, there is no question that the actions of the Executive prejudiced all parties. The Family, seeking closure has been impacted. However, the need for expediency is overwhelmingly outweighed by the overarching need to have a fair hearing with the due process rights of all participants protected.

¹ By way of example, the parties have yet to receive a redline copy noting the changes in the Order.

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Even in criminal matters subject to speedy trial requirements, Washington law identifies that "continuances and compulsory process in criminal cases involve such disparate elements as surprise, diligence, materiality, redundancy, due process, and the maintenance of orderly procedures." See State v. Downing, 151 Wash. 2d 265, 273, 87 P.3d 1169, 1173 (2004) (citing State v. Eller, 84 Wn.2d 90, 95, 524 P.2d 242, 246 (1974)). These "disparate elements" are all met here. There is no doubt that the parties were surprised by the Executive Order. The parties were diligent in their cooperation and preparation. The ability of the officers whose conduct is being assessed by the jury is material to the proceedings. The issue of participation is not redundant of SPD's involvement, involves heavy due process implications, and will be exceptionally disruptive to the maintenance of orderly procedure.

CONCLUSION

The Executive's actions place SPD in an unfortunate and uncomfortable position to ask the Administrator for a stay and continuance. The stay and continuance are essential for SPD to evaluate next steps in finding a way to meaningfully participate in the inquest process. SPD must have the ability to represent its own interests separate from that of the Family or the Individual Officers. This is an essential element to SPD's continuous commitment to self-review and transparency. This eleventh hour change corners SPD in a position of either serving as the Officers' substitute advocate or participating in a structure where there is a clear void of Officer advocacy. Such an expectation is untenable. The inquest process thus far has been an exceptionally thoughtful and dedicated process by all parties, the inquest attorney, and the Administrator. The parties' search for balance and fairness in these proceedings has been overshadowed by the Executive's sudden change. For

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1	good cause, fairness, due process, and equity, the Administrator should impose a brief stay and
2	continue this Inquest.
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4	DATED this 6th day of December, 2019.
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I certify that on the 6^{th} day of December, 2019, I caused a true and correct copy of this document to be served on the following in the manner indicated below:

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